# SRM UNIVERSITY DELHI-NCR, SONEPAT

Registration No.:

# MST-I(APRIL-2022)

B. Tech. (CSE) VI Semester

Subject Code: CS 3030

Duration: 90 min

Subject Name: Neural Networks & Fuzzy Logic

Max. Marks: 50

Note: Question Paper consists of two parts (Part-A and Part-B).

All Questions are compulsory in Part-A.

Answer any THREE Questions from Part-B

### PART A:(10\*2)

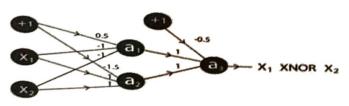
- 1. Define a neural network.
- 2. Differentiate between supervised and unsupervised learning with examples?
- 3. What are the different types of perceptron?
- 4. What is the role of activation functions in a neural network?
- 5. What is bias?
- 6. Differentiate between biological and artificial neuron.
- 7. Give the mathematical model of artificial neuron.
- 8. Differentiate between linear and non-linear activation functions with examples.
- 9. Explain the dying ReLU problem.
- 10. Define error function?

## PART B:(10\*3)

(Attempt any three)

- 11. Explain the following: a) Delta Learning rule. b) ReLU Activation Function
- 12. What do you mean by ADALINE? Explain its architecture in detail with its training algorithm.
- 13. Explain the perceptron training algorithm for single and multiple output.
- 14. a) For a XNOR function as given in the figure below, activation function of each node is given by:

f(x) = 1 if x > 0 else 0. Consider X1 = 0 and X2 = 1, what will be the output for the above neural



b) What are the advantages and disadvantages of Artificial Neural Network?

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### MST-II(MAY-2022)

B. Tech. (CSE) VI Semester (SECTION - B and E)

Subject Code: CS 3030

Subject Name: Neural Networks & Fuzzy Logic

Duration: 90 min Max. Marks: 50

Note: Question Paper consists of two parts (Part-A and Part-B).

All Questions are compulsory in Part-A.

Answer any THREE Questions from Part-B

### PART A:(10\*2)

- 1. What is the principle of fuzzy logic?
- 2. For analysis of storage capacity what are the conditions imposed on hopfield model?
  - a) symmetry of weights
  - b) asynchronous update
  - c) symmetry of weights and asynchronous update
  - d) none of the mentioned
- 3. What BAM is required?
- 4. The room temperature is hot and here the term "hot", can it be represented by a crisp set? If no, why?
- 5. The values of the set membership is represented by \_\_\_\_\_
  - a. Discrete Set
  - b. Degree of truth
  - c. Probabilities
  - d. Both Degree of truth & Probabilities
- 6. Describe fuzzy relation.
- 7. State the difference between discrete and continuous network.
- 8. Why LMS is better than Hebbian?
- 9. List any three properties of classical sets.
- 10. If the weight matrix stores the given patterns, then the network becomes?
  - a) autoassoiative memory
  - b) heteroassociative memory
  - c) multidirectional assocative memory \*
  - d) temporal associative memory

#### PART B:(10\*3)

- Draw the block diagram of fuzzy logic. And, explain the basic concepts of fuzzy logic control in detail.
- 12. Write the short note on:
  - a. Hopfield networks
  - b. Bidirectional Associative Memory
- 13. Find YA using max-min function:

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 0.3 & 1 & 0.8 & 0.2 & 0 & 1 \\ 0.2 & 0 & 1 & 0.7 & 0.6 & 0.4 \\ 0.5 & 0.3 & 0.2 & 1 & 0 & 0.2 \\ 0.9 & 0.7 & 1 & 0.3 & 0.1 & 0.9 \\ 0.1 & 0.8 & 0 & 0.8 & 1 & 0.7 \\ 0.2 & 1 & 1 & 0.6 & 0 & 0.4 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$Y = (0.8, 0.1, 0.7, 0, 0.9, 1).$$

14. What do you mean by associative memory? Also, explain its paradigms in detail with the testing and training algorithm.